

# **QUIZEN** – Atoms and Molecules (9C03)

#### **Learning Level 1**

Q - Remembering (knowledge-based questions)

U - Understanding (comprehension-based questions)

#### **Learning Level 2**

I - Applying (application-based questions)

Z - Analyzing (analysis-based questions)

#### **Learning Level 3**

E - Evaluating (evaluation-based questions)

N - Creating (creation-based questions)

### **Learning Level 1**

- 1. Define the Law of Conservation of Mass.
- 2. What is the Law of Definite Proportions?
- 3. What is an atom?
- 4. What is the atomic number of an element?
- 5. What is a molecule?

### Learning Level 2

- 6. Calculate the mass of sodium chloride produced when 5 g of sodium reacts with chlorine.
- 7. In a compound, the percentage by mass of carbon and oxygen are 27.3% and 72.7% respectively. If the molecular mass of the compound is 88 u, what is its empirical formula?
- 8. Why do elements in the same group of the periodic table have similar chemical properties?
- 9. Explain the difference between isotopes and isobars.
- 10. Identify the following as an element, a compound, or a mixture: water, helium gas, gold, air, sodium chloride.

## **Learning Level 3**

- 11. Evaluate the statement: "The Law of Multiple Proportions is just a variation of the Law of Definite Proportions."
- 12. Compare and contrast the Bohr's model and the quantum mechanical model of the atom.
- 13. Evaluate the statement: "All atoms of the same element are identical."
- 14. Create a diagram to show the structure of an atom. Label the subatomic particles and their charges.
- 15. Design an experiment to verify the Law of Conservation of Mass. Provide a step-by-step procedure and explain how you would analyze the results