

QUIZEN – Atoms and Molecules(9C03)

Learning Level 1	Learning Level 2	Learning Level 3
Q - Remembering (knowledge-based	I - Applying (application-based	E - Evaluating (evaluation-based
questions)	questions)	questions)
U - Understanding	Z - Analyzing (analysis-based	N - Creating (creation-based
(comprehension-based questions)	questions)	questions)

Learning Level 1

- 1. What is an ion? Give an example of a cation and an anion.
- 2. Define the term 'molecule.' Give an example of a diatomic molecule.
- 3. How is the valency of an element determined?
- 4. What is the difference between a molecular formula and an empirical formula?
- 5. What is Avogadro's number and what is its significance in chemistry?

Learning Level 2

- 6. Write the formula for the following compounds:
 - a. Potassium chloride
 - b. Aluminum oxide
 - c. Nitric acid
- 7. Identify the molecular formula and the empirical formula of glucose (C6H12O6).
- 8. How many atoms are present in a molecule of CO2?
- 9. What is the mass of one molecule of water (H2O)?
- 10. How many moles of HCl are present in 500 mL of a 2M solution of HCl?

Learning Level 3

- 11. A sample of a compound contains 2.3 g of hydrogen and 28.1 g of sulfur. Find the empirical formula of the compound.
- 12. A compound is found to have the following percentage composition: 29.09% sodium, 41.63% sulfur, and 29.28% oxygen. Find the empirical formula of the compound.
- 13. What is the molecular formula of a compound that has an empirical formula of CH2O and a molar mass of 180 g/mol?
- 14. Write the balanced chemical equation for the reaction between zinc and hydrochloric acid to form zinc chloride and hydrogen gas.
- 15. How many grams of sodium chloride (NaCl) are required to prepare 500 mL of a 0.1M solution of NaCl?



