

## QUIZEN – Periodic Table (11C03)

Learning Level 1	Learning Level 2	Learning Level 3
Q - Remembering (knowledge-based	I - Applying (application-based	E - Evaluating (evaluation-based
questions)	questions)	questions)
U - Understanding	Z - Analyzing (analysis-based	N - Creating (creation-based
(comprehension-based questions)	questions)	questions)

## **Learning Level 1**

- 1. State Mendeleev's periodic law.
- 2. What is the atomic number of an element? How does it relate to the position of an element in the periodic table?
- 3. Define the term "period" in the periodic table. How many periods are there in the modern periodic table?
- 4. Explain the concept of valence electrons. How is the number of valence electrons related to the group number of an element in the periodic table?
- 5. Compare and contrast the properties of metals and nonmetals.

## Learning Level 2

- 6. The element X has an atomic number of 20. Identify its period and group in the periodic table.
- 7. Arrange the following elements in increasing order of their atomic radii: Li, Be, B, C, N.



- Element A has an atomic number of 12, and Element B has an atomic number of 16.
  Which element has a larger atomic radius? Justify your answer.
- 9. Identify the group to which each of the following elements belongs: (a) Calcium (Ca), (b) Chlorine (Cl), (c) Potassium (K), (d) Neon (Ne).
- 10. The first ionization energy of Element X is higher than that of Element Y. Which element is more likely to be a metal and which one a nonmetal? Explain your reasoning.

## **Learning Level 3**

- 11. Evaluate the periodic trend of atomic radius across a period. Explain any exceptions to the trend.
- 12.Compare and contrast the ionization energy and electron affinity of elements in the periodic table. How do these properties change as you move across a period and down a group?
- 13.Create a concept map illustrating the periodic trends of atomic radius, ionization energy, and electronegativity. Include suitable examples and explanations for each trend.
- 14. Analyze the importance of the periodic table in predicting the chemical properties of elements. Provide real-life examples to support your answer.
- 15.Design an experiment to investigate the periodic trend of reactivity among the alkali metals. Outline the materials, procedure, and expected results of the experiment.